

EU Target	PFG Target	Council Objective	Current situation	Work to be done to reach target
75% of the population should have a job between the age of 20-64	Employment rate to increase from 70 to 75% by 2015	Corporate plan: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> We will stimulate growth and competitiveness in key sectors Specific actions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> LED plan, Economic plan for the city (being developed) 	As of February 10, the NI employment rate of the working age population was 68%.	Nothing significant at present. There is a review of economic policy taking place and we should see a new one being developed.
3% of the EU GDP should be invested in R&D	Securing £120m of private sector commitments in innovation (it is approximately 3.1% of GDP)	n/a	Total expenditure on Research and Development in Northern Ireland was £344.0 million. in 2008, of which £183.9m (53.5%) was spent by businesses, £144.2m (41.9%) by the Higher Education sector and the remainder (£15.9m) was Government expenditure.	The DETI Minister has commissioned work that will place a new Action Plan to deliver the Regional Innovation Strategy (RIS) between 2008-2011. Out of date. There is Investment strategy for NI with a very narrow link with R&D.
Energy and climate objectives 20/20/20 should be reached	By 2025 CO2 emissions must be reduced by 25%.	Corporate plan: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> be on course to achieve zero waste direct to landfill by 2015 have reduced the city's impact on climate change and improved air quality 	Since 1990, green house gas emissions in Northern Ireland have fallen by 13% Around 75% of greenhouse gas emissions are accounted for by the 16 million tonnes of CO2 produced annually through the burning of coal, oil and gas;	Northern Ireland emissions would need to be reduced by an average of 2.1% and 3.7% per annum respectively; Specific initiatives: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sustainable development strategy Strategic energy framework Renewable Energy specific projects
The share of young people dropping out of school should be	n/a	n/a	19% of 16-24 year olds are NEETS (45,000 people)	n/a

**less than 10%
At least 40% of
young people
should have a
higher or post
school degree**

Ensuring by 2015 that 80% of the working age population is qualified to at least GCSE level or equivalent. Increasing by 25% the numbers of students, especially those from disadvantaged communities, at graduate and postgraduate level

N/a in corporate plan
Specific actions:

- Employability and skills strategy as part of the City Development plan (Masterplan)

Skills Investment strategy but it's out of date

**People threatened
by poverty should
decrease by 25%.
Poverty is defined
as 60% of the
median income.**

Eliminate poverty and social exclusion by 2020.

Corporate plan:

- health and social inequalities are reduced

 Specific actions:

- Poverty strategy,
- Health Development Unit
- Integrated Health Plan

Currently 20% of people in NI live in low income households, around 350,000 people.
102,000 children in NI live in poverty. Nearly 154,000 households suffer from the effects of fuel poverty;

The strategy to tackle poverty and social inclusion "Lifetime Opportunities" was published in November 2006. "Lifetime Opportunities" retains the principle of its predecessor New Targeting Social Need, which is to target resources and effort towards those in greatest objective need.

- Child Poverty strategy being developed with the aim to eradicate child poverty by 2020